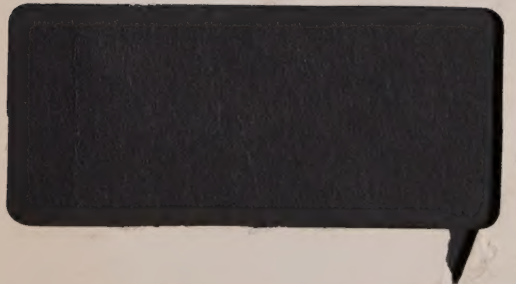


T/E

OPERATION
AND
SERVICE MANUAL



Telonic®

INDUSTRIES, INC.

ME 4761



WARRANTY

TELONIC INSTRUMENTS AND ACCESSORIES

Products manufactured by TELONIC INDUSTRIES, INC. are guaranteed against defective materials and workmanship for a period of one year (vacuum tubes and semiconductors excepted) from date of purchase. This warranty does not apply to instruments that have been altered, improperly handled or damaged in any way beyond our control.

Instruments must be examined immediately upon receipt, since claims for damage in transit will not be honored by the carrier unless prompt action is taken.

CHANGES IN SPECIFICATIONS

The right is reserved to change the published specifications of equipment at any time, and to furnish merchandise in accordance with current specifications, without incurring any liability to modify equipment previously sold.

RETURNING EQUIPMENT TO FACTORY

Factory service is available for repair and readjustment of this instrument. However, a description of the trouble should be forwarded FIRST, whereupon instructions for correcting the trouble OR authorization for returning the equipment will be given. This applies to all units, whether under warranty or not.

MODEL E-3
E-3M

SERIAL NO. A13841.

PLUG IN OSCILLATOR

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CONVERSION INFORMATION

Commencing with equipment shipped after about July 22, 1963, certain modifications have been incorporated in the Telonic SM-2000 plug-in series, and in the Telonic SM-2000 control chassis. These modifications may render the units incompatible with those previously shipped unless the earlier instruments are modified also. The equipment in which these modifications have been made can be identified by the letter "A" prefixed to the serial number.

Units not so identified must be modified if they are to be compatible with instruments now being shipped. The modifications to be made are listed below, divided into two groups - those to be made to earlier SM-2000's and those to be made to earlier plug-ins.

SM-2000 CHANGES

1. On J601, remove all wires presently connected to pin 8 and reconnect them at pin 7; remove the jumper between pins 7 and 8.
2. Using shielded wire, type RG-174/U or equal, connect pin 8 of J601 to the printed circuit board land which leads to pin 1, V303. Ground the shield by connecting it to a convenient ground land nearby.
3. Prefix the letter "A" to the serial number of the instrument.

PLUG-IN CHANGES

1. On P601 remove all wires presently connected to Pin 8 and reconnect them at pin 7; remove the jumper between pins 7 and 8 if one is connected.
2. Prefix the letter "A" to the serial number of the instrument, if none is prefixed.

Changing the serial number of the instrument is as important in the modification as are the electrical requirements, as the ability to identify a unit as having been or not having been modified is involved.



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ADDENDUM SHEET

MODEL E-3/E-3M PLUG-IN OSCILLATOR INSTRUCTION MANUAL

The following changes shall be considered a part of this manual;

Page 17, Parts List

Add Circuit Reference: C603

Under Description - Add: CFD, .005 μ f

Under Telonic Part No. - Add: C-49

Circuit Reference R601:

Under Description - change from: RVC, 50K Ω , $\pm 10\%$, 2W
to read: 50K Ω , $\pm 10\%$, 0.2W

Under Telonic Part No. - change from: R-751
to read: R-725

Circuit Reference R602:

Under Description - change from: RVC, 10K Ω , $\pm 10\%$, 2W
to read: RVC, 10K Ω , $\pm 10\%$, 0.3W

Under Telonic Part No. - change from: R-767
to read: R-740

ABBREVIATION CODE

Add between first and second item from top: CFD capacitor, Fixed, Discap.

Page 17, Parts List (Effective with Serial No. A14907)

Add circuit Reference CR702:

Under Description - Add: DSD, 1N831

Under Telonic Part No. - Add: D-49

Add Circuit Reference R707:

Under Description - Add: RFC, 120 Ω , $\pm 10\%$, 1/8W

Under Telonic Part No. - Add: R-1825

Circuit Reference R604: (Effective with E-3 unit SN 14913 and
E-3M unit SN 14921)

Under Description - change from: RFW, 4 Ω , $\pm 5\%$, 5W
to read: RFW, 2 Ω , $\pm 5\%$, 5W

Under Telonic Part No. - change from: R-410
to read: R-422

Page 7, PROCEDURE, item 4. (Effective with Serial No. A14907)

Change from: 4. Turn power ON, allow 15 minute _____ outlined
to read: 4. Turn power ON, allow a 30 minute warmup period, and make
adjustments as outlined.

SECTION I .. SPECIFICATIONS

INTRODUCTION

The E-3 is a plug-in sweep oscillator for use with designated Telonic Control Chassis. The sweep ratio and sweep rate functions of the control chassis are not utilized with this unit. Outputs at the fundamental (RF 1) and third harmonic (RF 2) frequency of the sweep oscillator are provided.

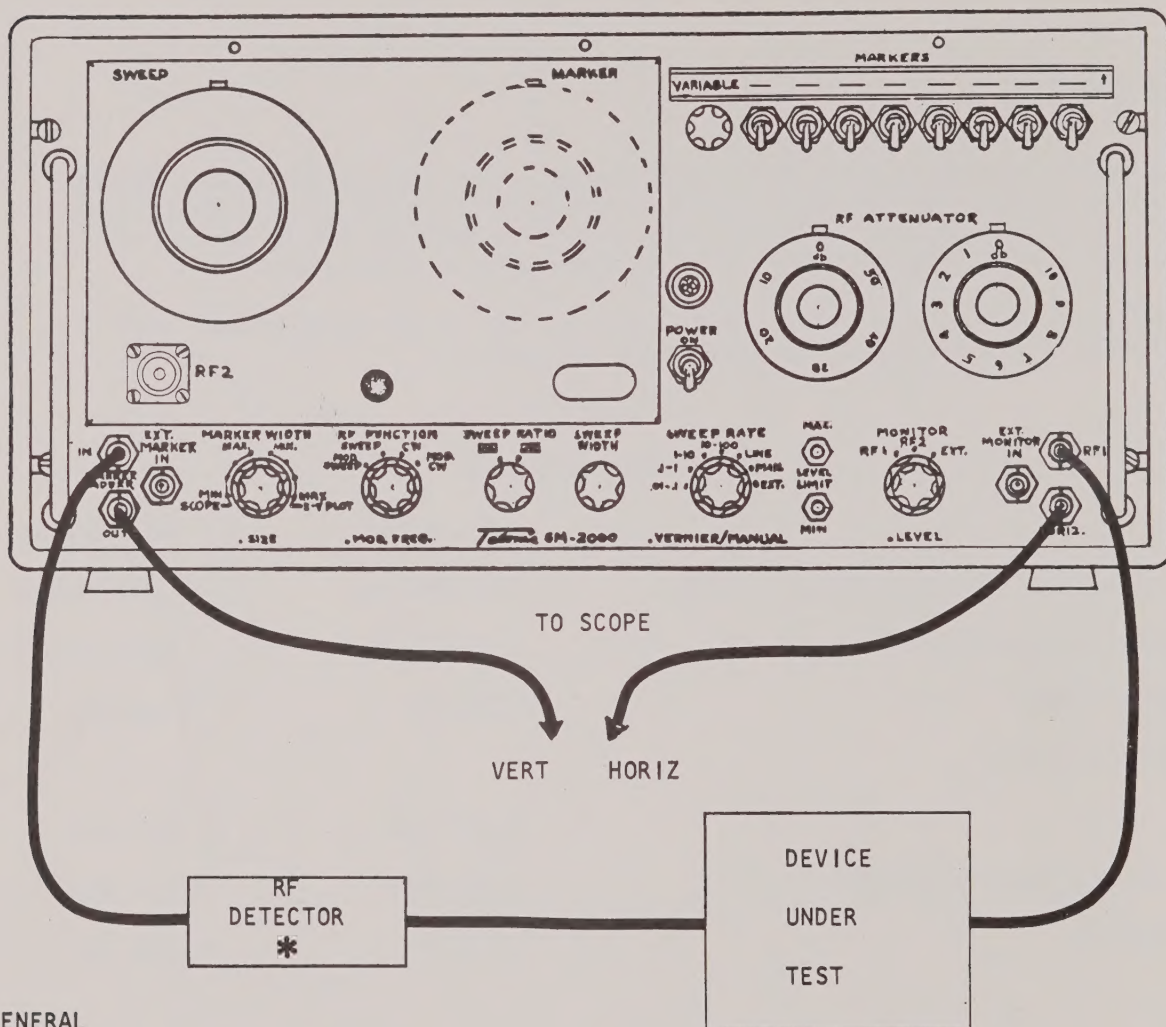
The E-3M includes a variable marker covering the entire sweep range. This difference is clearly indicated throughout the manual.

SPECIFICATIONS

	RF 1 OUTPUT	RF 2 OUTPUT
CW AND SWEEP CENTER FREQUENCY RANGE	550-1000 Mc	1650-3000 Mc
SWEPT FREQUENCY RANGE	530-1040 Mc	1590-3120 Mc
SWEEP WIDTH	0.02-8%	0.02-8%
OUTPUT VOLTAGE		
Sweep	0.75 vrms	0.2 vrms
Approximate CW Output	0.40 vrms	0.1 vrms
FLATNESS	± 1.0 db	± 1.0 db
LINEARITY	1.4:1 or better	1.4:1 or better
VARIABLE MARKER (E-3M only)		
Frequency Range	530-1040 Mc	1590-3120 Mc
Accuracy	$\pm 0.3\%$	$\pm 0.3\%$
VERNIER RF LEVEL CONTROL RANGE		
Sweep and CW	0-6 db	0-6 db
Mod Sweep and Mod CW	0-3 db	0-3 db

SECTION II .. OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

TYPICAL SET UP



GENERAL

DESCRIPTION OF FRONT PANEL

- SWEEP** The sweep dial, which sets the center frequency of the sweep oscillator by means of a variable capacitor.
- MARKER** The variable marker dial, calibrated in two ranges to cover the full swept range of the unit. This control adjusts frequency by varying the length of a tuned line.
- RF 2** The output at this connector is at the third harmonic of the sweep oscillator frequency.

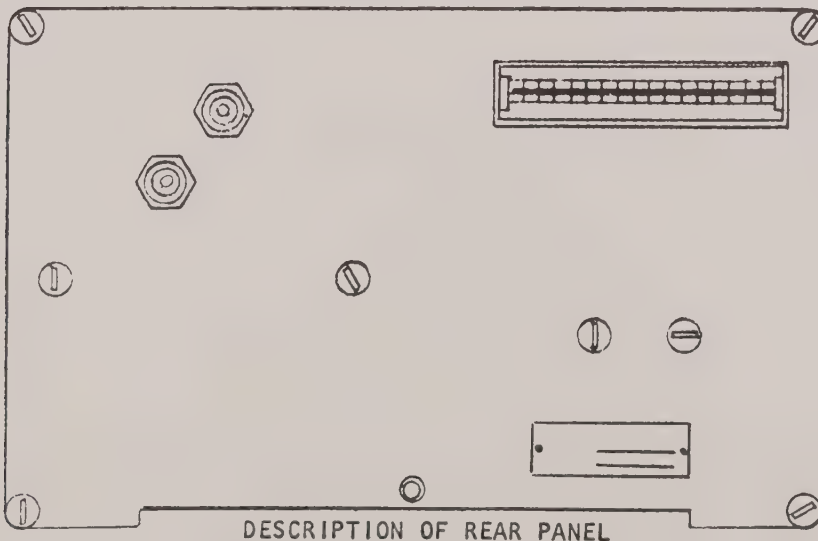
GENERAL

1. Make sure the control chassis power is OFF before inserting the plug-in oscillator into the Control Chassis. If the power is ON, transient voltages may damage diodes in the units. Insert plug-in oscillator and secure it in the chassis by tightening the fastening rod with the knob in the lower center of the front panel.

2. Make connections to the scope (or recorder), the device under test, and RF Detector as shown. All connectors located on the control chassis are "BNC" type. The RF 2 connector is "N" type. It is recommended that RG Cable be used for all connections to insure good ground connections and to minimize hum, leakage, and spurious signal pickup. The cable used to connect the RF output to the device under test should have a characteristic impedance of 50Ω . If the input impedance of the device under test is other than 50Ω , a matching network should be used to insure a constant input signal.
3. Connect the device under test to the RF 1 output on the control chassis or to the RF 2 output on the plug-in oscillator as appropriate for the frequency range of the test circuit.
4. Refer to the manual for the Control Chassis for additional instructions.
NOTE: To insure a constant amplitude output signal, the LEVEL MAX and MIN Controls should be set as prescribed in the control chassis manual and in the CALIBRATION PROCEDURE of this manual. These adjustments vary with the individual oscillator and with the output used.
5. To insure proper operation of both units, refer to Section IV (CALIBRATION PROCEDURE) of both manuals.
6. Proceed in accordance with recommendations of the manufacturer of the device under test concerning alignment, adjustment, and tests.

*See Telonic literature for suitable detector for this use.

DRAWING OF REAR PANEL



DESCRIPTION OF REAR PANEL

The three electrical connectors on the rear panel are:

Two BNC plugs, which mate with BNC jacks on the Control Chassis. These are the RF output connector (RF 1 frequency) and variable marker (RF) output.

A 32-contact plug which makes the other electrical contacts necessary through a mating jack on the control chassis.

SECTION III .. GENERAL DESCRIPTION

GENERAL

This plug-in oscillator has one RF output at the fundamental frequency of a tuned-line oscillator and another at the third harmonic. Center frequency tuning is accomplished by variable capacitors.

The variable marker is produced by a CW oscillator which is tunable on the front panel. Variable tuned-line circuitry is used between plate and grid.

SWEEP OSCILLATOR

The sweep oscillator employs a 7913 ceramic-metal triode in a tuned-line type oscillator circuit. The fundamental frequency of the sweep oscillator is the RF 1 output frequency indicated in the Specifications. The RF 2 output is the result of harmonic generation in a non-linear device. Center frequency tuning is accomplished by precision machined capacitors whose shaft is ganged to a tunable band-pass filter which automatically tracks the third harmonic of the sweep oscillator. The band pass of the tuned filter is over 8 % of center frequency, thereby allowing sufficient coverage of the sweep oscillator at maximum sweep width with high enough Q to obtain up to 200 millivolts of the third harmonic output and to reduce the spurious output to practically zero.

A linear sweep (frequency change versus horizontal display) is provided by variable inductances which are sine wave driven by a motor secured at the base of the sweep oscillator assembly. Inductance changes as a metal ring mounted on a fiber glass cylinder vibrates and cuts the flux path of the tuned lines. The rate of vibration is fixed at 60 c.p.s. (line frequency), and the amplitude is controllable by the Control Chassis and Plug-In SWEEP WIDTH Controls. The position of this ring on the fiber glass cylinder and in relation to the tuned lines is carefully adjusted at the factory for optimum linearity and sweep width. Since a sine wave voltage is used to drive the motor and horizontal deflection plates of the oscilloscope, the frequency change versus horizontal deflection trace appearing on the scope represents the true linearity of the sweep oscillator.

The RF 1 signal is coupled to the RF 1 output connector on the Control Chassis front panel through a monitor block and the RF attenuators in the control chassis. The RF 2 output is coupled through the tuned band-pass filter and a monitor, both in the plug-in, to the connector on the front panel of the oscillator.

See the Control Chassis Manual for discussion of monitoring and leveling action.

VARIABLE MARKER (E-1M, E-2M, E-3M ONLY)

The variable marker oscillator uses a 6AF4 tube, and is tuned by adjusting its tuned lines. The tuning range of the marker is sufficient to cover the entire range of the sweep oscillator. A 5:1 vernier drives the marker dial which is individually calibrated to an accuracy of 0.3%.

The RF output from the variable marker oscillator is then fed into a crystal diode mixer in the Control Chassis, where it is mixed with a sample of the sweep oscillator signal. The resultant birdy is then fed into the birdy-by-pass amplifier.

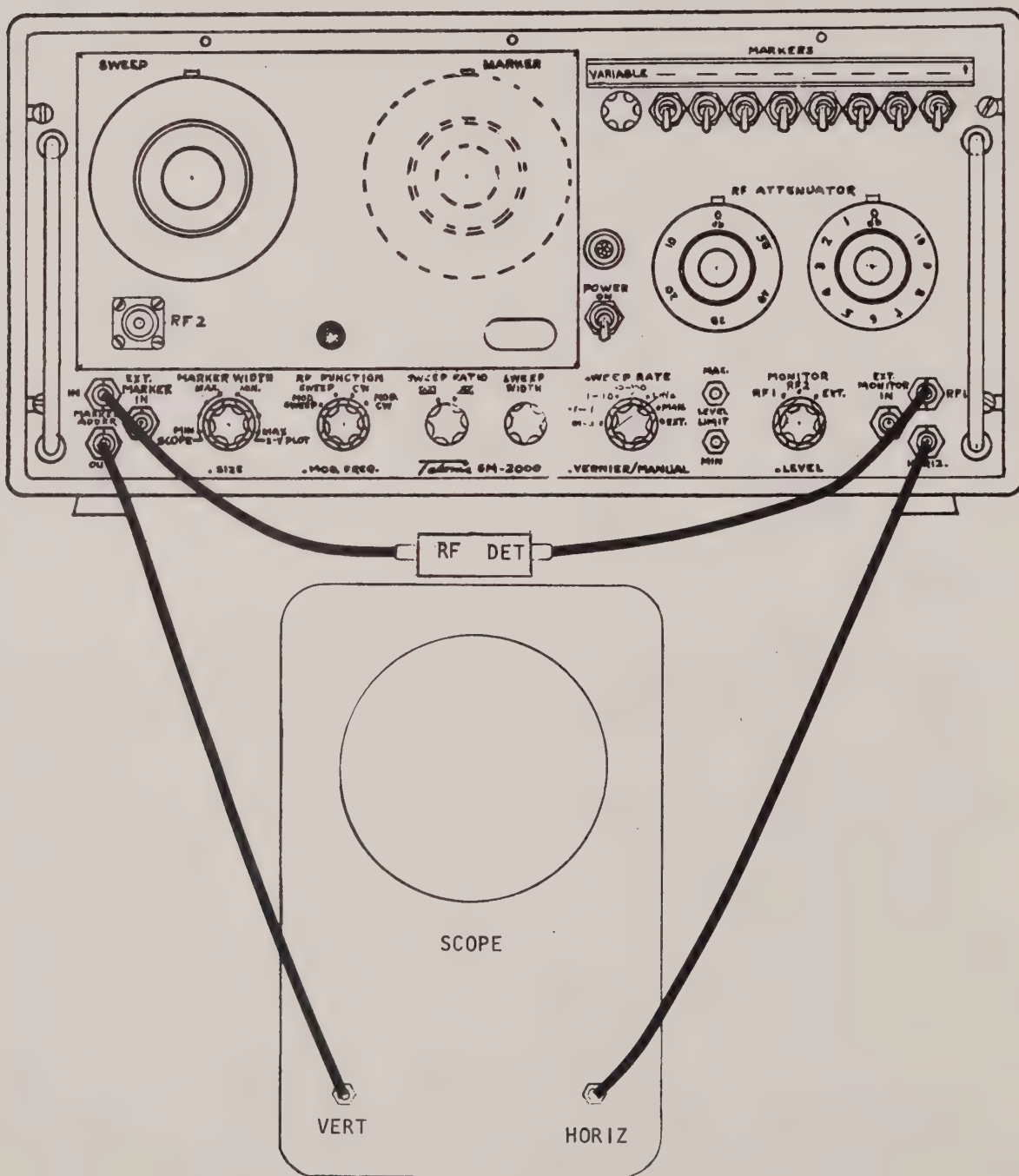
FIXED MARKERS

The sweep sample fed to plug-in marker units is the fundamental (RF 1) oscillator output. This results in a marker at the fundamental frequency on the RF 1 output and at the third harmonic on the RF 2 output. Thus a 50 Mc harmonic marker unit will mark at 50 Mc intervals on the demodulated RF 1 response curve but at 150 Mc intervals on the RF 2 trace.

Similarly a fixed frequency marker will indicate the nominal frequency on the RF 1 trace and the third harmonic of that frequency on the RF 2 trace.

SECTION IV .. CALIBRATION PROCEDURE

TYPICAL SET UP



NOTE: For greater accuracy, certain adjustments (specified in the text) should be performed with a power meter replacing the detector and scope in the above setup.

GENERAL

The following procedure should be applied after changing any component in the E-3 plug-in oscillator or at any time the calibration is noted to be incorrect.

Complete calibration of the E-3 involves adjustment of two classes of controls.

Those located in the E-3 which affect the operation of the control chassis.

Those located in the control chassis which affect the operation of the E-3.

NOTE: Although preliminary adjustments may be made with the cover removed from the oscillator section, final adjustment requires that the cover be in place. See chassis layout in schematic section for location of adjustments.

TEST EQUIPMENT

10Mc harmonic marker (such as the Telonic Model CDH-10.0)
50 Ω RF power meter
RF detectors (see Telonic literature for recommended detectors)
Oscilloscope

PROCEDURE

1. Make connections as shown.
2. Use double-shielded (RG) 50 Ω cable for all RF connections to insure good connections and minimum radiation, and to avoid pickup of spurious signals. The detector must match the 50 Ω cable, or a matching network must be used.
3. With power OFF, plug in the E-3 and secure in place.
4. Turn power ON, allow a 15 minute warmup period, and make adjustments as outlined.

SWEEP WIDTH (Adjustment)

This adjustment is set to provide 8% sweep width. Since the percent of sweep width increases only very slightly with frequency, an 8% setting at 750 Mc assures sufficient sweep width at all frequencies.

Preset the following controls:

Control Chassis

SWEEP WIDTH fully clockwise
RF FUNCTION Switch to SWEEP
MONITOR Switch to RF 1
10Mc harmonic marker ON
All other markers OFF

E-3

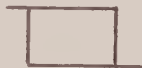
Sweep dial to 750 Mc

CALIBRATION PROCEDURE

Adjust E-3 SWEEP WIDTH Control for six full marker intervals on the scope. This can be accomplished accurately by alternately adjusting the SWEEP dial and SWEEP WIDTH Control to place a marker at each end of the trace with five markers between. Due to some non-linearity in the sweep, the SWEEP dial will not read exactly 750 Mc at the conclusion of this adjustment.

BLANKING PHASE (Adjustment)

After the sweep width adjustment, this control is set for a rectangular pattern. Misadjustment will result in a pattern similar to the following:



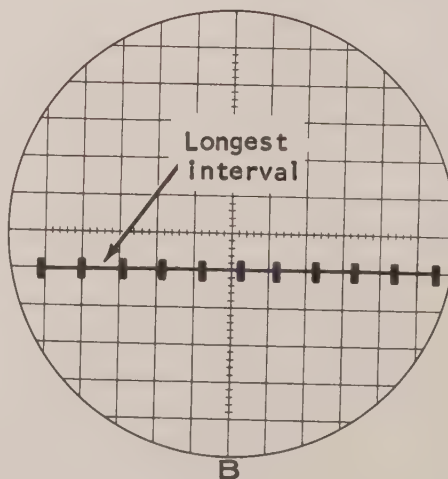
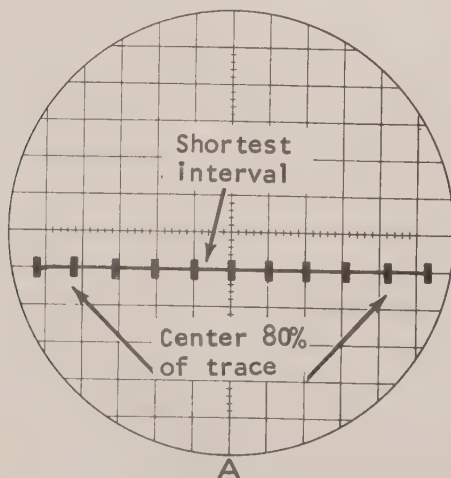
HORIZONTAL PHASE (Adjustment)

After completing the blanking phase adjustment, set this control for the best linearity possible, still maintaining a reasonably rectangular pattern. See LINEARITY CHECK below. If necessary, readjust the BLANKING PHASE Control following this adjustment.

LINEARITY CHECK

Linearity measurements are made over the center 80% of the display at 8% sweep width.

With other controls set as at the conclusion of the HORIZONTAL PHASE adjustment, increase the center frequency until ten markers are present on the trace. Locate the shortest marker interval in the center 80% of the display. Adjust the horizontal gain control on the scope so that this interval occupies exactly one scope division. See Figure A below. Locate the longest marker interval in the center 80% of the display. Adjust the horizontal position on the scope so that the interval begins on a graticule line. See Figure B below. Measure the marker interval. Its length (in scope divisions) indicates the linearity ratio: A length of 1.15 scope divisions for the longest marker interval represents a linearity of 1.15 to 1.



B+ LIMIT (Adjustment)

This control limits the maximum oscillator B+ to a safe operating level. It is set for rated RF output.

1. Connect the RF 1 output to a 50 Ω RF power meter.
2. Preset the following controls:

Control Chassis

RF FUNCTION Switch to CW
 MONITOR Switch in EXT position
 LEVEL fully clockwise
 MAX LEVEL LIMIT for maximum output
 RF ATTENUATORS to 0 db position

Plug-In Oscillator

B+ LIMIT fully counter-clockwise
 SWEEP Dial for frequency at which output is lowest

3. Adjust the B+ LIMIT for just over 3.2 mw output.
4. Connect the power to RF 2. Again use the SWEEP Dial to locate the minimum output. If this is less than 200 μ w, raise the B+ LIMIT setting enough to exceed this figure slightly.

NOTE: No B+ limit is used in the SWEEP, MOD SWEEP Modes.

MAX and MIN LEVEL LIMIT (Control Chassis)

The procedure outlined in the Control Chassis Manual for setting these controls is repeated here, with additional information peculiar to operation with the E-3.

The settings of these controls will be different for RF 1 and RF 2 outputs if a calibrated level is to be maintained. Thus, if the controls have been set for RF 1 output of 0.4 vrms (power meter reading of 3.2 mw) and desired LEVEL Control range, it will be necessary to readjust these controls for RF 2 output of 0.1 vrms (power meter reading of 200 μ w) and desired range.

NOTE: For the SWEEP Mode, power meter readings for RF 1 and RF 2 outputs are 5625 μ w and 400 μ w, respectively.

1. With the power meter still connected and controls set as at the conclusion of the B+ LIMIT Adjustment, adjust the MAX LEVEL LIMIT for rated output.
2. Disconnect the power meter and reconnect scope and detector as shown in TYPICAL SETUP.
3. Insert fixed attenuation in an amount equal to the desired range (up to 0 db) of the LEVEL Control. For the RF 1 output, the attenuators in the Control Chassis should be used. For the RF 2 output, the use of a fixed single-pad coaxial attenuator, flat over the RF 2 range, is recommended.

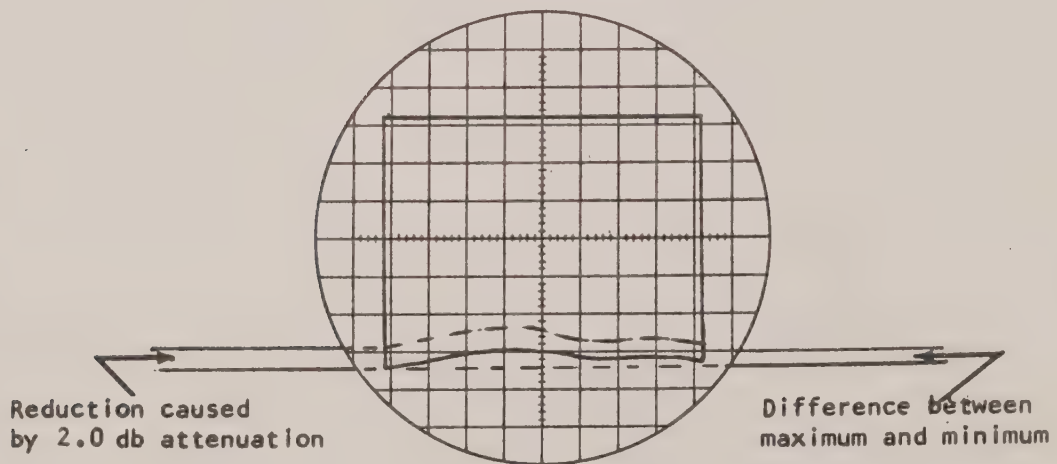
CALIBRATION PROCEDURE

4. Note the level of the scope pattern.
5. Remove attenuation, rotate LEVEL Control fully counter-clockwise. Set MIN LEVEL LIMIT for same scope deflection as seen in Step 4.

FLATNESS CHECK

Flatness is measured over maximum sweep width. At any center frequency setting, the minimum output at full sweep width must be no more than 2.0 db lower than the maximum.

1. With the controls set as above, rotate the LEVEL and SWEEP WIDTH Controls fully clockwise, and set the MONITOR SELECTOR in the RF 1 (or RF 2) position.
2. Rotate the SWEEP Dial to locate the point at which maximum tilt, or other unflatness feature, occurs.
3. Note the difference between maximum and minimum output levels.
4. Insert a known quantity of attenuation (preferably 2 db) and compare the reduction in output with the noted difference between maximum and minimum. With RF 2 output the attenuator should be similar to that described for such use in the preceding adjustment operation. The difference between maximum and minimum output must be no more than the signal reduction caused by 2.0 db of attenuation.



VARIABLE MARKER CHECK

Although there are no adjustable electrical components in the variable marker circuit to compensate for dial inaccuracies, the following procedure can be used to restore specified dial accuracy when tube replacement is necessary:

NOTE: All marker dial calibrations are made with the tube well-seated in the socket. If the tube is positioned otherwise, the high frequency end of the range will be shifted.

1. Obtain several 6AF4A tubes which have been aged several days with filaments continually burning.
2. Turn on both harmonic markers and the variable marker. Check the marker dial accuracy at the lowest frequency setting by superimposing the variable marker over the appropriate harmonic marker. If calibration at this point is incorrect, loosen the set screw holding the knob and dial assembly to the tuning shaft and rotate the dial to bring the proper dial mark under the indicator hairline.
3. Similarly check the marker dial accuracy at the highest frequency setting. If dial is inaccurate, select a tube from the aged stock which will restore accuracy at this point. Usually the effect of tube selection on the high frequency end is considerable, but negligible on the low frequency end.
4. Recheck each end of the range as above until best possible overall accuracy is obtained.

Factory recalibration service is also available.

SECTION V .. MAINTENANCE

GENERAL PROCEDURE

Since this is a plug-in unit, many of the possible malfunctions of the oscillator are the result of part failure in the control chassis. The connections at P601 of the plug-in oscillator and at J601 of the control chassis afford a convenient means of tracing the source of troubles to the oscillator or chassis.

In locating troubles which have been traced to the oscillator, application of the common rules of electronic maintenance, including a visual check for damage, open filaments, glowing anodes, shorted tuning capacitors, and charred resistors, is an obvious measure. All connectors, particularly P601 and J601 should be checked for cleanliness.

EXTENSION CABLE

For maintenance work requiring access to parts located on the under side of the plug-in or in other areas not easily reached, an extension cable may be obtained from Telonic Industries, Inc. This cable, having the 32-contact plug on one end and the 32-contact jack on the other, allows the oscillator to be removed from the control chassis and operated on the bench.

ACCESS TO RF COMPARTMENT

To take off the top cover of the oscillator compartment, remove the necessary screws.

CAUTION: The red-lacquered screws securing the drive motor to the bottom of the compartment should not be disturbed. The position of this drive motor is critical, and these mounting screws are factory adjusted for optimum oscillator performance.

MAINTENANCE

The following chart will be of service in deciding whether a trouble lies in the oscillator or control chassis.

SYMPTOM	CHECK (Pin Numbers Refer to P601)
Weak or no output or unlevelled output	DC voltage at Pin 31 with RF LEVEL fully clockwise.
RF 2 output not leveled	RF 1 output
No sweep width	Resistance between Pins 27 and 9, 26 and 27, 26 and ground
No variable marker (plug-in marker present)	1. For birdy at Pin 17
	2. DC voltage at Pin 1

If the chart shows that the trouble probably is in the control chassis, refer to the MAINTENANCE Section of the manual for that unit. A common trouble is unlevelled RF 1 output due to failure of the monitor diode in the control chassis. This part can be replaced as necessary by following the procedure outlined in the control chassis manual.

If the trouble appears to be in the plug-in, the following chart may be of assistance in localizing the failure.

SYMPTOM	CHECK
Both outputs weak, absent, or unlevelled	V701 and associated components
Low RF 2 output (RF 1 output normal)	CR701; CR702
No sweep width	Resistance, P601-26 to ground; R605
No variable marker	Feed an external CW source in the variable marker range to the control chassis EXT MARKER input and check for birdy. If none appears as the variable marker is tuned across the frequency of the external signal, the marker oscillator probably is inoperative. Check V801, then other components if necessary.

MAINTENANCE

It is assumed that the above procedures have been applied and that the jumpers on P601 are intact. Where "inconclusive" is shown, the next step should be followed.

TROUBLE PROBABLY IN		
IF RESULT IS	OSCILLATOR	CONTROL CHASSIS
High 100-175v	X	
Low or zero 0-100v		X
Leveled RF 1 output	X	
RF 1 output not level		X
Open between		
27 and 9	X	
26 and 27		X
26 and ground	X	
Continuity on all checks		X
Birdy present		X
No birdy	Inconclusive. See Check #2. ↓	
100v	X	
Low or no voltage		X

SCHEMATIC PART DESIGNATION

C Capacitor
 CR Crystal Rectifier
 J Jack
 L Inductor
 P Plug
 R Resistor, Fixed or Variable
 V Tube
 Z Miscellaneous

SCHEMATIC VALUE ABBREVIATION

Ω ohms
 K 1,000 ohms
 M 1,000,000 ohms
 (megohms)
 μf Microfarad
 pf Picofarad
 μh Microhenry
 mh Millihenry

OTHER ABBREVIATIONS

F.P. Front Panel
 R.P. Rear Panel
 T.P. Test Point

RESISTORS - All resistors are 1/2 watt, $\pm 10\%$, and are shown in ohms, unless otherwise specified.

CAPACITORS - All capacitors are shown in picofarads (pf) unless otherwise specified.

COILS - All inductors are shown in microhenries (μh) unless otherwise specified.

CIRCUIT REFERENCE SYMBOL - LOCATION INFORMATION

601 - 699	Interconnecting elements	701 - 799	Sweep Oscillator
		801 - 899	Variable Marker

*Indicates value of component adjusted at factory, and may deviate from value shown on print.

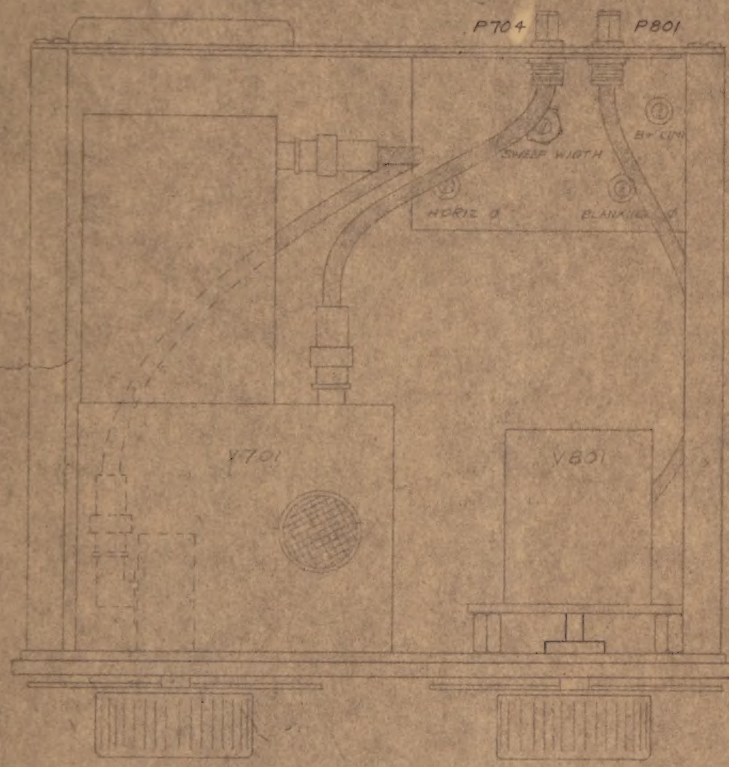
SECTION VI .. PARTS LIST

E-3 PARTS LIST

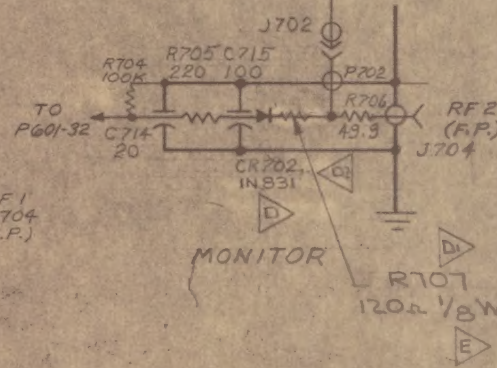
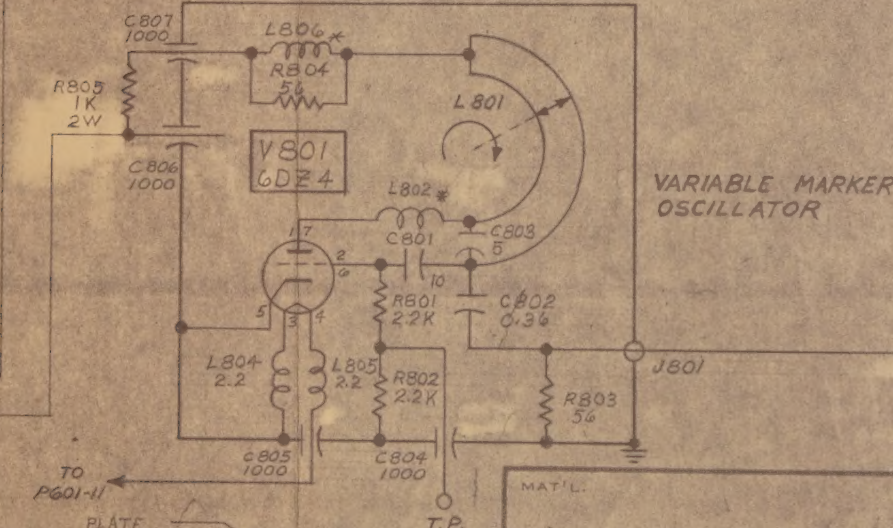
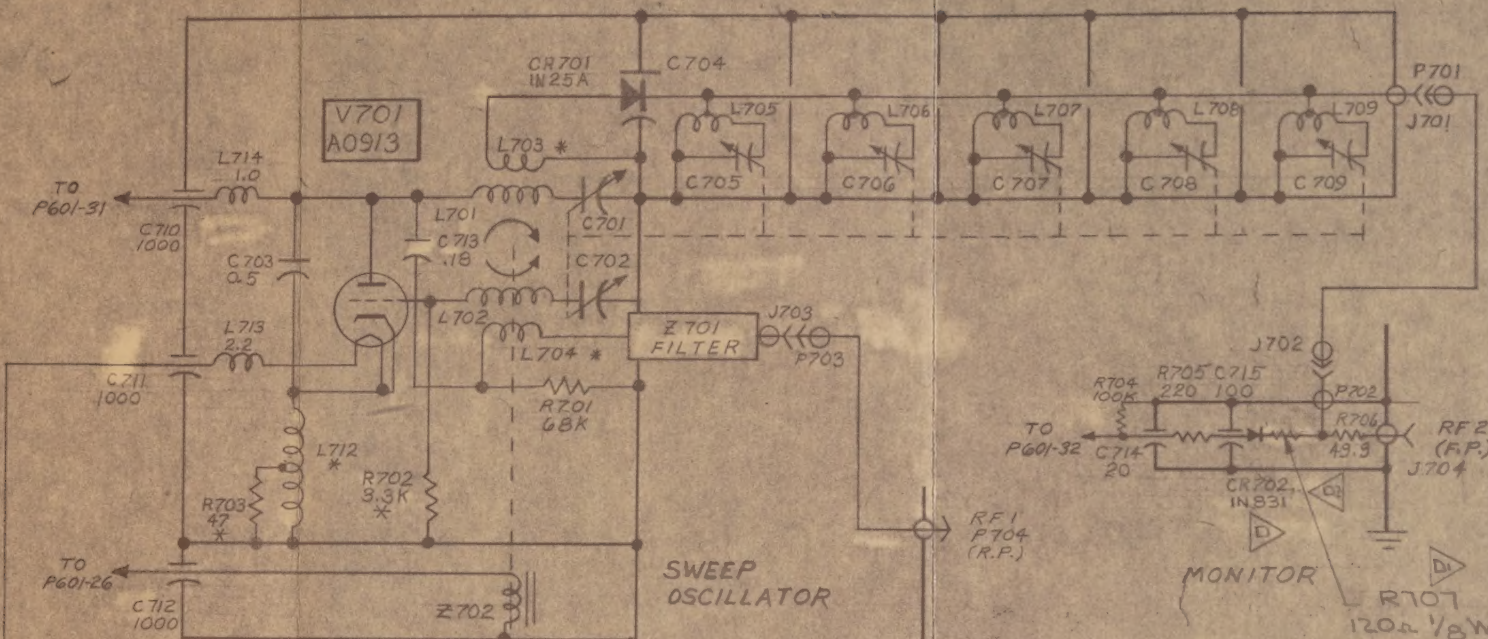
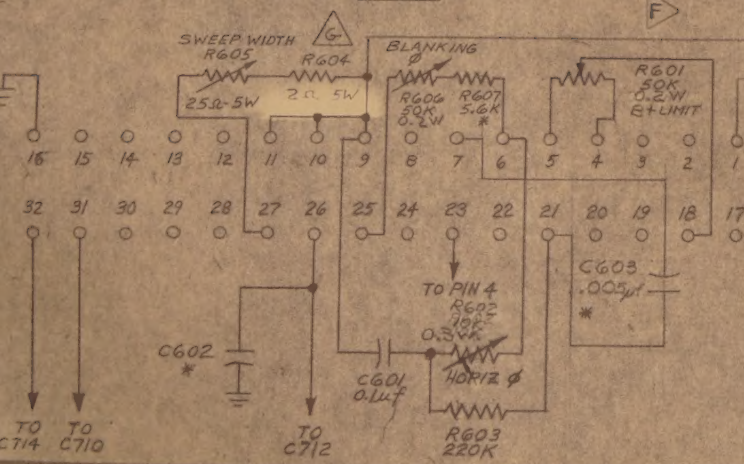
VARIABLE MARKER (E-3M ONLY)

CIRCUIT REF.	DESCRIPTION	TELONIC PART NO.	CIRCUIT REF.	DESCRIPTION	TELONIC PART NO.
C601	CFM, 0.1 μ f, $\pm$ 20%, 200VDCW	C-200	C801	CFC, 10pf, $\pm$ 10%, 1000VDCW	C-6
C602	CFE (SC)	NA	C802	CFN, 0.36pf, $\pm$ 10%, 500VDCW	C-30
C701,			C803	CFN, 5.0pf, $\pm$ 10%, 500VDCW	C-36
C702	PO L701, L702	NA	C804	CFCF, 1000pf, $\pm$ 20%, 500VDCW	C-39
C703	CFC, 0.5pf, $\pm$ 10%, 500VDCW	C-29	C805	SA C804	
C704	CFT (SC)	NA	C806	SA C804	
C705-			C807	SA C804	
C709	PO L705-L709	NA			
C710-			J801	TC, MX1684/U	J-9
C712	CFCF, 1000pf, $\pm$ 20%, 500VDCW	C-89	P801	PC, UG-536/U	J-52
C713	CFCF, 18pf, 500VDCW	C-31			
CR701	DSD, 1N25A	D-8	L801	IV, Tuned Line	NA
J701	RJ, UG-185/U	J-3	L802	IF	NA
J703	PO Z701	NA	L803	NA	
P601	Plug, 32-contact	S-39	L804	IF, 2.2 μ h, $\pm$ 10%	L-101
P701	PC, UG-88B/U	J-32	L805	NA	
P702	RJ, 4961-1	J-27	L806	IF (SC)	NA
P703	SA R701		R801	RFC, 2.2K Ω , $\pm$ 10%, 1/2W	R-20
L701,			R802	SA R801	
L702	IF, Tuned Line	NA	R803	RFC, 56 Ω , $\pm$ 10%, 1/2W	R-13
L703,			R804	SA R803	
L704	IF (SC)	NA	R805	RFC, 1K Ω , $\pm$ 10%, 2W	R-302
L705-			V801	TE, 6AF4A	VT-4
L709	IF, Tuned Line	NA			
L710,				ABBREVIATION CODE	
L711	NA		CFC	Capacitor, fixed, ceramic	
L712	IF, Tapped (SC)	NA	CFCF	Capacitor, fixed, ceramic feed-thru	
L713	IF, 2.2 μ h, $\pm$ 10%	L-101	CFE	Capacitor, fixed, electrolytic	
L714	IF, 1.0 μ h	L-102	CFM	Capacitor, fixed, Mylar film	
R601	RVC, 50K Ω , 2W	R-751	CFN	Capacitor, fixed, composition	
R602	RVW, 10K Ω , $\pm$ 10%, 2W	R-767	CFT	Capacitor, fixed, Teflon	
R603	RFC, 220K Ω , $\pm$ 10%, 1/2W	R-44	DSD	Diode, semiconductor device	
R604	RFC, 4 Ω , $\pm$ 5%, 5W	R-410	IF	Inductor, fixed	
R605	RVW, 10 Ω , $\pm$ 10%, 4W	R-770	IV	Inductor, variable	
R606	SA R601		NA	Not assigned	
R607	RFC (SC)	NA	PC	Plug, cable	
R701	RFC, 68K Ω , $\pm$ 10%, 1/2W	R-51	RFC	Resistor, fixed, composition	
R702	SC		RJ	Receptacle, jack	
R703	RFC, 47 Ω , $\pm$ 10%, 1/2W	R-55	RVW	Resistor, variable, wirewound	
V701	Planar Triode	VT-61	SA	Same as	
Z701	Filter, Low Pass	06037	SC	Subject to change	
Z702	Drive Motor	09106	TC	Terminator, cable	
			TE	Tube, electron	

CHASSIS LAYOUT TOP VIEW



PGOI



G	WAS 4	12/24/65	ECN 1243
F	WATTAGE ADDED TO R601-2-6	12/25/65	ECN 1241
E	"V8W" ADDED	12-26-65	ECN 1226
D2	CR703 DELETED	11-23-65	ECN
D1	R701 RESISTOR ADDED	11-28-65	1211
D	WAS S3411G	11-28-65	11
C	ADDED C603	10-11-65	ECN 1153
B	WAS B801-035	9-7-65	ECN 1124
A	REVISE E RECDRAW, SEE RECORD SB001-0031	8/28/65	
NO.	REVISIONS	DATE	

Telonic INDUSTRIES, INC.			
60 N. FIRST AVE. BEECH GROVE, INDIANA			
SCALE	PART NO.		
NONE	B 801-035		
SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM			
E-3, 3M PLUG-IN HEAD			
SHEET	2	OF	2
SB-001-0031			

FINISH			
DESIGN BY	DATE	DRAWN BY	DATE
CHK'D BY		PROD. APP'D.	
TOLERANCES - UNLESS SPECIFIED WITH LIMITS DECIMAL DIMENSIONS MAY VARY +.005-.005 FRACTIONAL DIMENSIONS MAY VARY +.004-.004 DRILL, PUNCH, COMMERCIAL STOCK SIZES AND MANUFACTURER'S TOLERANCES ARE NOT INCLUDED. DO NOT SCALE THIS DRAWING			

